

_			
		APPROVAL STANDARDS UPDATED - RAN465.	PDM
	F	BODY CLAMP OPTIONS ADDED - RAN505.	PDM
	G	RANGE WAS 10-350mm RAN1056	RDS
	Η	PUSH-ROD DIA. ADDED ~ RAN1083	PDM
	٦	5-CORE OPTION ADDED ~ RAN1102	PDM
	K	RANGE NOTE AMENDED ~ RAN1200	PDM
ı			

CE

THE PUSH-ROD RETRACTS AND EXTENDS 2mm NOM. AT EITHER END OF CALIBRATED TRAVEL. 'V' CODED PUSH-ROD WILL DEPART SENSOR BODY.

DRAWINGS NOT TO BE CHANGED WITHOUT REFERENCE TO THE CHANGE PROCEDURE. CHANGES TO PARTS USED IN INTRINSICALLY SAFE PRODUCT MUST BE APPROVED BY THE AUTHORISED PERSON

THIS IS AN UNCONTROLLED PRINT AND WILL NOT BE UPDATED.

LECTRICAL	OPTIONS/	<b>SPECIFICATIONS</b>
OUTPUT	•	SUPPL

0.5 TO 4.5V RATIOMETRIC 5V SUPPLY CURRENT 12mA TYP. 20mA MAX.

CABLE: 0.2mm², O/A SCREEN, PUR JACKET — SUPPLIED WITH 50cm OR REQUIRED LENGTH IN cm (15000cm MAX). STANDARD 3—CORE: JACKET Ø4mm BLACK e.g. 'L50' OPTIONAL 5—CORE: JACKET Ø4.6mm BLUE e.g. 'LQ50'

CABLE/CONNECTOR\* CONNECTIONS;

3 CORE 5 CORE CONNECTOR
RED RED :1 +Ve
- ORG :1 +SENSE (5-WIRE ONLY)
BLACK BLACK :3 OV

- GRY :3 -SENSE (5-WIRE ONLY)
WHITE WHITE :2 OUTPUT

SCREEN SCREEN :4 BODY

\*CONNECTORS; MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR CROSS SECTION 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> RANGE OF DISPLACEMENT FROM 0-5mm TO 0-350mm e.g.76, IN INCREMENTS OF 1mm.

BODY MATERIAL: STAINLESS STEEL. FURTHER OPTIONS: SINGLE PAIR OF BODY CLAMPS 'P' TWO PAIRS OF BODY CLAMPS 'P2'

PUSH-ROD FREE (CODE 'V')

NOTE:— READ INSTALLATION SHEET X117—19 FOR FULL INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE.

ATEX / IECEX APPROVED TO

**⟨∑)** II 1G

Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40° to +80°C)

Ui 11.4V, Ii 0.2A, Pi 0.51W

APPROVED FOR USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH A GALVANICALLY ISOLATED BARRIER.

NOTE: APPROVAL ONLY APPLIES AT NORMAL ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE!



Ε	11/03/14	+	_	CHECKED	BY	Χ	±0.4
F	25/07/14	<del>(</del> ф)-(=	+	RDS		X.X X.XX	±0.2 ±0.1
G	9/11/15	<b>Y</b> 7				DIMS	mm
Н	13/04/16	DESCRIPTION					
J	26/04/17	X117 INTRINSICALLY SAFE SLIM-LINE LINEAR POSITION					
K	06/09/17						
		SENSOR	۲				
SCALE 12.5mm		DRAWING NUMBER	Χ	(117-1	1	REV	K

SHEET 1 OF 1



## LIPS® X117 SLIM-LINE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

- Intrinsically safe for Gas to: Ex II 1G
- Non-contacting inductive technology to eliminate wear
- Travel set to customer's requirement
- Compact 19 mm diameter body
- High accuracy and stability
- Sealing to IP67

As a leading designer and manufacturer of linear, rotary, tilt and intrinsically safe position sensors, Positek® has the expertise to supply a sensor to suit a wide variety of applications.

Our X117 LIPS® (Linear Inductive Position Sensor) incorporates electronics system EX07 which is ATEX / IECEx approved for use in potentially explosive gas/vapour atmospheres. The X117 is designed for industrial and scientific feedback applications and is ideal for OEMs seeking good sensor performance for arduous applications in hazardous areas.

Overall performance, repeatability and stability are outstanding over a wide temperature range. The unit is very compact and space-efficient with a small 19mm diameter body. The sensor is very robust, the body and push rod being made of stainless steel. The sensor is easy to install with mounting options including M5 male stud and M5 rod eye bearing. The push rod can be supplied free or captive, with male M5 thread or M5 rod eye. Like all Positek<sup>®</sup> sensors, the X117 provides a linear output proportional to travel. Each unit is supplied with the output calibrated to the travel required by the customer, from 5 to 350mm and with full EMC protection built in. The X117 offers a range of mechanical options, environmental sealing is to IP67.



### **SPECIFICATION**

Dimensions Body diameter Body Length 19 mm

(Axial version) calibrated travel + 109.7 mm calibrated travel + 115 mm - cable calibrated travel + 118.5 mm - connector (Radial version) (Radial version)

For full mechanical details see drawing X117-11

ower Supply +5V dc nom. ± 0.5V, 10mA typ 20mA max **Power Supply** 0.5-4.5V dc ratiometric, Load:  $5k\Omega$  min.  $\leq \pm 0.25\%$  FSO @ 20°C  $\leq \pm 0.1\%$  FSO @ 20°C available upon request. Output Signal Independent Linearity

\*Sensors with calibrated travel of 10 mm and above.

< ± 0.01%/°C Gain & Temperature Coefficients < ± 0.01%FS/°C Offset > 10 kHz (-3dB) Frequency Response

Infinite < 0.02% FSO Resolution Noise Intrinsic Safety Ex II 1G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta= -40°C to 80°C)

Approval only applies to the specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen  $\le$  21%

Sensor Input Parameters

(connector option/s)

Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W. Ci: 1.16μF, Li: 50μΗ Ci: 1.36μF, Li: 860μΗ with 1km max. cable (cable option/s)

**Environmental Temperature Limits** -40°C to +80°C -40°C to +125°C Operating Storage

Sealing EMC Performance EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3

IEC 68-2-6: IEC 68-2-29: Vibration 10 g IEC 68-2-29: 40 g 350,000 hrs 40°C Gf Shock MTBF **Drawing List** 

Sensor Outline Drawings, in AutoCAD® dwg or dxf format, available on request.

Do you need a position sensor made to order to suit a particular installation requirement or specification? We'll be happy to modify any of our designs to suit your needs please contact us with your requirements.







### LIPS® X117 SLIM-LINE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

Intrinsically safe equipment is defined as "equipment which is incapable of releasing sufficient electrical or thermal energy under normal or abnormal conditions to cause ignition of a specific hazardous atmosphere mixture in its most easily ignited concentration."

ATEX / IECEx approved to;

Ex II 1G

Ex ia IIC T4 Ga (Ta =  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $+80^{\circ}$ C)

Designates the sensor as belonging to; Group II: suitable for all areas except mining, Category 1 G: can be used in areas with continuous, long or frequent periods of exposure to hazardous gas (Zone Ŏ).

Protection class ia, denotes intrinsically safe for all zones Apparatus group IIC: suitable for IIA to IIC explosive gas. Temperature class T4: maximum surface temperature under fault conditions 135°C.

Ambient temperature range extended to -40°C to +80°C. It is imperative  $\mathsf{Positek}^{\circledast}$  intrinsically safe sensors be used in

conjunction with a galvanic barrier to meet the requirements of the product certification. The Positek X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is purpose made for Positek IS sensors making it the perfect choice. Refer to the X005 datasheet for product specification and output configuration options.

Safety Parameters:-

Ui: 11.4V, Ii: 0.20A, Pi: 0.51W Ci = 1.36µF\* Li = 860µH\* (cable option/s) Ci = 1.16µF Li = 50µH (connector option/s)

\*Figures for 1km cable where: Ci = 200pF/m & Li = 810nH/m

Sensors can be installed with a maximum of 1000m of cable.

200 nF

Cable characteristics must not exceed:Capacitance: ≤ 200 pF/m for max. total of:
Inductance: ≤ 810 nH/m for max. total of: 810 uH

For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

ATEX / IECEx approved sensors suitable for dust (E series) and mining (M series) applications, are also available from Positek.

### TABLE OF OPTIONS

CALIBRATED TRAVEL: Factory set to any length from 0-5mm to 0-350mm (e.g. 76mm).

#### **ELECTRICAL INTERFACE OPTIONS**

The Positek® X005 Galvanic Isolation Amplifier is available with the

following output options; Standard: 0.5 - 9.5V or 4 - 20mA. Reverse: 9.5 - 0.5V or 20 - 4mA.

### CONNECTOR/CABLE OPTIONS

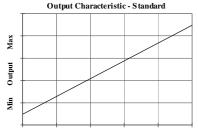
Connector - Hirschmann ELWIKA 4102 Axial or Radial, IP67 Cable<sup>†</sup> with Pg 9 gland Axial, IP67 Cable<sup>†</sup> with boot. Radial, IP67

<sup>†</sup>Three core (black jacket) or five core (blue jacket) cable options available. Cable length >50 cm – please specify length in cm up to 15000 cm max. We recommend all customers refer to the 3 or 5-Wire Mode Connection

### MOUNTING OPTIONS

M5 rod eye bearing or M5x0.8 male thread ( radial versions), Body Tube Clamp/s (axial or radial versions).

PUSH ROD OPTIONS - standard retained with M5x0.8 male thread, M5 rod eye bearing or Free.



Retracted Linear Displacement Extended







# Three or Five-Wire Mode Connection FOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE SENSORS IN HAZARDOUS ATMOSPHERES

The aim of this document is to help readers who do not understand what is meant by three or five wire modes of connection between the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor, and the factors behind them. It is by no means an in-depth technical analysis of the subject.

Whether opting for a pre-wired Positek® Intrinsically Safe sensor or one with a connector, choosing the right mode of connection and cable to suit the application requires careful consideration.

Interconnecting cables are not perfect conductors and offer resistance to current flow, the magnitude of resistance<sup>†</sup> depends on conductors resistivity, which changes with temperature, cross sectional area<sup>‡</sup> and length. If the voltage were to be measured at both ends of a length of wire it would be found they are different, this is known as volts drop. Volts drop changes with current flow and can be calculated using Ohm's law, it should be noted that volts drop occurs in both positive and negative conductors. The effects of volts drop can be reduced by increasing the conductors cross sectional area, this does not however eliminate the effects due to temperature variation. There are instances where large cross-section cables are not practical; for example most standard industrial connectors of the type used for sensors have a maximum conductor capacity of 0.75mm², copper prices and ease of installation are other considerations.

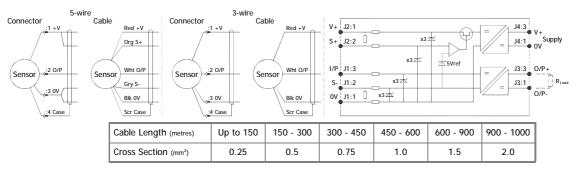
This is important because the effects of volts drop can significantly alter the perceived accuracy of the sensor which is ratiometric i.e. the output signal is directly affected by the voltage across the sensor. Changes in temperature will also be seen as gain variation in the sensor output.

Three wire mode connections are common and are suitable in most cases with short or moderate cable runs. Applications that do not require a high degree of accuracy but have cable runs, say in excess of 10m, volts drop can reduced by introducing a terminal box close to the sensor and using a larger cross-section cable for a majority of the cable run. Sensors supplied with three core cable are calibrated with the cable fitted which largely eliminates errors due to conductor resistance at room temperature however, as mentioned above, small gain errors due to temperature fluctuations should be expected.

Five wire mode connections have significant benefits as losses in the positive and negative conductors are compensated for by the galvanic isolation amplifier which can 'sense' the voltage across the sensor and dynamically adjust the output voltage so that the voltage across the sensor is correct. The effects of cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients are eliminated allowing for smaller conductors than a three wire connection for the same cable run. The amplifier can compensate for up to  $15\Omega$  per conductor with a current flow of 15mA, which is more than adequate for 150m of  $0.25\text{mm}^2$  cable, longer lengths will require larger conductors.

For this reason Positek $^{\$}$  recommends five wire connections for cable lengths exceeding 10 metres in 0.25 mm $^{2}$  cable to preserve the full accuracy of the sensor.

See illustrations below for examples of connecting a sensor to the galvanic isolation amplifier.



The table above shows recommended conductor sizes with respect to cable length for both three and five wire connections, based on copper conductors. Three wire connections will introduce a gain reduction of 5% and a  $\pm 1\%$  temperature dependence of gain over the range -40°C to +80°C for the cable temperature. (i.e. about -150 ppm/°C for the maximum lengths shown and less pro rata for shorter lengths.)

It should be noted that the maximum cable length, as specified in the sensor certification, takes precedence and must not be exceeded.

Positek® sensors are supplied with three core 0.25 mm² cable as standard, however five core 0.25 mm² cable can be supplied on request. The galvanic isolation amplifier is available as;

G005-\*\*\* for 'G' and 'H' prefix sensors X005-\*\*\* for 'E', 'M' and 'X' prefix sensors

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>‡</sup>It is presumed that direct current flow is uniform across the cross-section of the wire, the galvanic isolation amplifier and sensor are a dc system.





 $<sup>^{\</sup>dagger}R = \rho L/A$   $\rho$  is the resistivity of the conductor  $(\Omega m)$  L is the length of conductor (m) A is the conductor cross-sectional area  $(m^2)$ .

# **Intrinsically Safe - Gas/Vapour Atmospheres** LIPS® SERIES X117 Slim-Line Linear Position Sensor



a Displacement (mm)		Value				
Displacement in mm	e.g. 0 - 254 mm	254				
b Output						
Supply V dc						
V <sub>s</sub> (tolerance)	Output	Code				
+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply)	Α				
c Connections Cable or Connector Co						
Cable Boot - Radial	IP67 - 3-core cable	lxx				
Cable Boot - Radial	IP67 - 5-core cable	IQxx				
Connector - Axial	IP67 M12 IEC 60947-5-2	J				
Connector - Radial	IP67 M12 IEC 60947-5-2	K				
Cable Gland - Axial	IP67 Pg9 - 3-core cable	Lxx				
Cable Gland - Axial	IP67 Pg9 - 5-core cable	LQxx				
*Supplied with 50 cm as standard, specify required cable length specified in cm. e.g. L2000 specifies cable gland with 20 metres of cable. Nb: restricted cable pull strength.						
d Body Fittings		Code				
None - default	Male Thread M5x0.8x10 long - Radial body style only.	blank				
M5 Rod-eye Bearing	Radial body style only	N				
e Body Clamps		Code				
None - default		blank				
Body Clamps - 1 pair		Р				
f Push Rod Fittings		Code				
None - default	Male Thread M5x0.8x10 long	blank				
M5 Rod-eye Bearing		U				
g Push Rod Options		Code				
Captive - default	Push rod is retained	blank				
Non-captive	Push rod can depart body	V				
h Z-code		Code				
Calibration to suit X005 - Default Z000						
≤± 0.1% @20°C Independent Linearity displacement between 10mm & 400mm only!						
	Connector with cable option 'J', 'JQ', 'K' or 'KQ' with length required in cm i.e. J100 specifies connector with 100cm of cable.					

### Note!

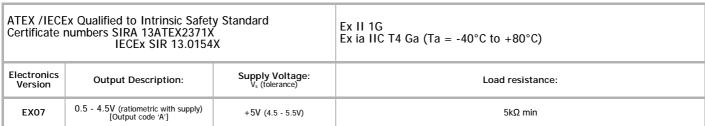
All Intrinsically Safe (IS) sensors must have a Z-code suffix.

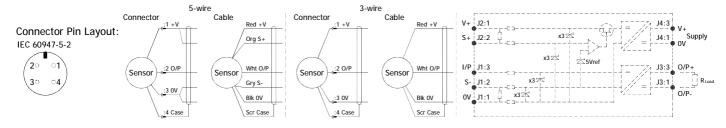
IS sensors must be used in conjunction with a Galvanic Isolation Amplifier - See X005 for Output options.



## **Installation Information** LIPS® X117 SLIM-LINE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX04, see next page.





Putting Into Service: The sensor must be used with a galvanic isolation barrier designed to supply the sensor with a nominal 5V and to transmit the sensor output to a safe area. The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V Ci = 1.36uF\* Ii = 0.20APi = 0.51W $Li = 860 \mu H^*$ ('Ixx', 'IQxx', 'Lxx' or 'LQxx' options) \*Figures for 1km cable ('J' or 'K' options)  $Ci = 1.16 \mu F$  $Li = 50\mu H$ 

The sensor is certified to be used with up to 1000m of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed: Capacitance:  $\leq 200 \text{ pF/m}$  for max. total of: 200 nF Inductance:  $\leq 810 \text{ nH/m}$  for max. total of: 810  $\mu$ H

Approval only applies to specified ambient temperature range and atmospheric conditions in the range: 0.80 to 1.10 Bar, oxygen ≤ 21%.

The performance of the sensor may be affected by voltage drops associated with long cable lengths; For cable lengths exceeding 10 metres a five wire connection is recommended to eliminate errors introduced by cable resistance and associated temperature coefficients.

N.b. sensors supplied with cable, the free end must be appropriately terminated.

### Special Condition for Safe Use:

The apparatus does not meet the 500 V r.m.s dielectric strength test between circuit and frame, in accordance with clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11:2011. This must be taken into consideration on installation.

When using a Sensor that has an integral cable in a dust application, the free end of the cable shall be appropriately terminated for the zone of use.

Under certain extreme circumstances, the non-metallic and isolated metal parts incorporated in the enclosure of this equipment may generate an ignition-capable level of electrostatic charge. Therefore the equipment shall not be installed in a location where the external conditions are conducive to the build-up of electrostatic charge on such surfaces. This is particularly important if the equipment is installed in a zone 0 location. In addition, the equipment shall only be cleaned with a damp cloth.

Warning - The M12 IEC 60947 connector may be rotated for purposes of convenient orientation of the connector and cable, however rotating the connector more than one complete revolution is not recommended.

Repeated rotation of the connector will damage the internal wiring!

Use: The sensor is designed to measure linear displacement and provide an analogue output signal.

Assembly and Dismantling: The unit is not to be serviced or dismantled and re-assembled by the user.

Maintenance: No maintenance is required. Any cleaning must be done with a damp cloth.

Mechanical Mounting: Depending on options; Body can be mounted by M5x0.8 male thread, M5 rod eye or by clamping the sensor body - body clamps are available, if not already ordered. Target by M5x0.8 female thread or M5 rod eye. It is assumed that the sensor and target mounting points share a common earth.

Standard Output Characteristic Max Output Retracted Linear Displacement

Output Characteristic: Target is extended 2 mm from end of body at start of normal travel. The output increases as the target extends from the sensor body, the calibrated stroke is between 5 mm and 350 mm.

Incorrect Connection Protection levels: Not protected – the sensor is not protected against either reverse polarity or overvoltage. The risk of damage should be minimal where the supply current is limited to less than 50mA.







## **Installation Information** LIPS® X117 SLIM-LINE LINEAR POSITION SENSOR INTRINSICALLY SAFE FOR HAZARDOUS GAS/VAPOUR ATMOSPHERES

For certificate number and safety parameters information for product marked EX07, see previous page.

ATEX Quali Certificate I	TEX Qualified to Intrinsic Safety Standard ertificate numbers SIRA 00ATEX2076X		Ex II 1G EEx ia IIC T4 (Ta = -40°C to +80°C)	
Electronics Version	Output Description:	Supply Voltage: V <sub>s</sub> (tolerance)	Load resistance:	
EXO4	0.5 - 4.5V (ratiometric with supply) [Output code 'A']	+5V (4.5 - 5.5V)	5kΩ min	

The barrier parameters must not exceed:-

Ui = 11.4V Ci = 1.36µF\* Ci = 1.16µF

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{I i} = 0.20 \text{A} & \text{Pi} = 0.51 \text{W} \\ \text{Li} = 710 \mu \text{H}^* & \text{('Ixx' or 'Lxx' options)} & \text{*Figures for 1km cable} \\ \text{Li} = 50 \mu \text{H} & \text{('J' or 'K' options)} \end{array}$ 

The sensor is certified to be used with up to 1000m of cable, cable characteristics must not exceed:-

Capacitance: ≤ 200 pF/m for max. total of: 200 nF Inductance: ≤ 660 nH/m for max. total of: 660 µH

With the exception of the certificate number and safety parameters above, all other notes regarding Putting Into Service, Use, Assembly and Dismantling etc. on previous page apply to sensors marked EX04 or EX07.



